



# Material Safety Data Sheet

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Issue date: November 2009

## Erapol SDR30A

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product Name:** Erapol SDR30A

**Synonym:** None

**Use:** Polyurethane Prepolymer

**Era Polymers Pty Ltd**

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**Australia**

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO NOHSC CRITERIA

**Hazard Category:** Harmful (Xn), Irritant (Xi)

**Hazard Classification:** HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, DANGEROUS GOOD

#### RISK PHRASES

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R42 May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

#### SAFETY PHRASES

S23 Do not breathe fumes/vapour.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and contact a doctor.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S38 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, contact a doctor immediately and show this container or label.

S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

**Poison Schedule:** S6 [Aust]

This material is a Scheduled **S6** Poison and must be stored, handled and used according to the appropriate regulations.

#### Warning Statement:

Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid skin and eye contact. Breathing vapours may produce asthma-like symptoms. Skin contact may cause allergic reaction. Avoid exposure, especially to pregnant women.

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE NAME	Proportion	CAS Number
POLYURETHANE PREPOLYMER (TDI/ESTER)	Greater than 60%	Mixture
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	30 to 60%	85-68-7
TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (Mixture of isomers) [TDI]	Less than 0.7%	26471-62-5

All other ingredients not hazardous according to NOHSC Criteria.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES



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**Swallowed:**

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth out with water. Affected person should be made to rest. Obtain medical attention.

**Eye:**

If material is splashed into eyes, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, ensuring eyelids are held open. Obtain medical attention.

**Skin:**

If material is splashed onto the skin, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water (preferably warm) and soap. Obtain medical attention. It is important to clean material off skin as soon as possible.

**Inhaled:**

Remove victim to fresh air and away from risk of further exposure. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing. If trained personnel available administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Obtain medical attention immediately. The onset of symptoms may occur several hours after exposure has taken place.

**First Aid Facilities:**

Eye wash fountain, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

**Advice to Doctor:**

Treat symptomatically. Asthmatics are susceptible to having an asthma attack if exposed to isocyanates. There may be a delayed response of up to 12 hours after the exposure to this product.

**In case of poisoning, contact Poisons Information Centre**

**In Australia call Tel: 131126**

**In New Zealand Tel: 034747000**

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Fire/Explosion Hazard**

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Decomposes on heating emitting toxic and/or irritating fumes including oxides of carbon and nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide and isocyanate vapours. Run-off may pollute waterways.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** All non-essential members of the workforce should be moved upwind of the fire and only trained and well-equipped personnel allowed near to the fire until the fire service takes control of the situation. Fire fighters should wear Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in confined spaces, in oxygen deficient atmospheres or if exposed to products of decomposition. Full protective clothing is also recommended. Do not allow run-off to enter drains, sewers or waterways.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA (SMALL FIRES):** Use dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Water should not be applied unless from a safe distance (e.g. by hoses) and in large quantities.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA (LARGE FIRES):** Can use large volumes of water, as normally applied from a distance by hoses. Water-based protein or other fire fighting foams can be effective in extinguishing such fires, as well as suppressing the release of diisocyanate vapours.

**HAZCHEM CODE:** 2X [Aust]

**FLAMMABILITY**

This material is not flammable.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

All spills should be attended to immediately. Evacuate from the immediate area everyone not essential to dealing with the spill, and keep them upwind to avoid breathing vapour. Isolate the area and prevent access. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact, as outlined under personal protection in this MSDS. Control the source of the leak, where possible. Ventilate area. Contain the spill to prevent further spread of material and prevent run off into



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drains and waterways. Use absorbent material such as wet sand, wet earth, wet sawdust or absorbent clays. These materials will not only contain the spill, but also absorb and partially neutralise the diisocyanate content of the material. Neutralise used absorbent materials and any remaining product with neutraliser (see below) and decontaminate all surfaces and equipment that have been in contact. Dispose of all clean-up materials in accordance with government regulations.

For large spills, notify Emergency Services (Police or Fire Brigade). Tell them location, nature, and any information that would be helpful. Consult an expert regarding the disposal of this product.

Neutraliser formulations include:

- (a) surfactant 1 - 20% and water to make up to 100%;
- (b) liquid surfactant 0.2 - 2%, sodium carbonate 5 - 10%, and water to make up to 100%;
- (c) liquid surfactant 0.2 - 2%, concentrated ammonia 3 - 8% and water to make up to 100%.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Water, either as liquid or as vapour, must be rigorously excluded from the material during both handling and storage, as the product will react with water giving insoluble polyurea and liberating carbon dioxide gas. In a closed container, this could cause the container to rupture.

Store in a cool place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from strong alkalis, acids, oxidising agents and water. Keep containers tightly closed when not using the product. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer. Purge with nitrogen and close container when not in use. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the workplace.

Refer to the manufacturer for correct usage instructions for this product. This product should only be used as intended by the manufacturer.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Standards

No exposure standards are available for this product, however, the following exposure standards have been assigned by [NOHSC] to the following components of the product:

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#### ***POLYURETHANE PREPOLYMER (TDI/ESTER)***

No Exposure details available

#### ***BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE***

No exposure standards have been assigned by the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC)

#### ***TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (Mixture of isomers) [TDI]***

(NOHSC Australia)

Isocyanates, all (as -NCO)

[TWA] 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

[STEL] 0.07 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Notices: Sen

(ACGIH)

[TWA] 0.005 ppm      0.036 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

[STEL] 0.02 ppm      0.14 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Carcinogen Category: A4**

#### **Engineering Controls**

Maintain adequate general and local exhaust ventilation at all times. In particular, local exhaust ventilation should be used when heating diisocyanates.

#### **Personal Protection Equipment**

**CLOTHING:** Wear suitable protective clothing to prevent risk of skin contact.



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**GLOVES:** Wear impervious gloves to prevent risk of skin contact - PVC or natural rubber.

**EYES:** Wear protective eyewear, such as safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shield to protect eyes.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Avoid breathing of vapours/gases. If exhaust ventilation is not available or inadequate, use approved respirator to Australian Standards. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS/NZS 1715/1716. The use of a respirator for organic vapours with disposable or replaceable filters is recommended. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels and type of contaminant. If entering spaces where the airborne concentration of a contaminant is unknown then the use of a Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with positive pressure air supply complying with AS/NZS 1715 / 1716, or any other acceptable International Standard is recommended.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance:</b>	Light amber viscous liquid
<b>Boiling Point Melting Point:</b>	BP > 300°C
<b>Vapour Pressure:</b>	Not determined
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	1.20 @ 25°C
<b>Flash Point:</b>	> 200°C
<b>Flammability Limits:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Reacts with water liberating carbon dioxide.

#### Other Properties

None determined.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Emits toxic fumes including oxides of carbon and nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide and isocyanate vapours when heated to decomposition.

#### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur under normal conditions of use.

#### INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Strong alkalis, strong acids, strong oxidizing agents, alcohols, amines, carboxylic acids and water.

#### CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat, flames, ignition sources, moisture and incompatibles.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects are expected, if the product is handled in accordance with this Material Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms and effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

#### ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:

##### Swallowed:

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach with effects including mucous build up, irritation to the tongue and lips and pains in the stomach, which may lead to nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

##### Eye:

Will cause irritation to the eyes, with effects including: tearing, pain, stinging and blurred vision. Depending upon duration of exposure, eye damage may occur.

##### Skin:

Harmful by skin contact.

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Will cause irritation to the skin, with effects including: redness, itchiness, and possible dermatitis.

**Inhaled:**

Harmful if inhaled.

The effects may be immediate or delayed. Mild cases: there may be a slight irritation of the nose and throat, there may be dryness of the throat, wheezing, tightness of the chest, coughing or shortness of breath. Severe cases: the victim may suffer acute bronchial irritation with difficulty in breathing, or even bronchospasm.

**Chronic:**

Prolonged or repeated contact with this substance will cause sensitisation by inhalation. Overexposure to toluene diisocyanate can lead to adverse respiratory effects, which may include the development of asthma. Once asthma has developed and a person has become sensitised to a diisocyanate, even concentrations well below the permitted exposure levels can be sufficient to induce an asthmatic attack.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may lead to dermatitis.

Prolonged contact may cause severe eye irritation.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to irreversible damage to health.

**Toxicological Data:**

There is no other toxicological information available for this product.

**Toxicological Data for Ingredient(s):**

BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE:

Oral: LD50 (rat) = 2330 mg/kg

Dermal: LD50 (rat) = 6700 mg/kg

Skin Irritation (rabbit): non-irritant

Eye Irritation (rabbit): slight irritant

Available evidence from animal studies indicates that repeated or prolonged exposure to butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP) could result in effects on the reproductive system. Chronic administration of BBP at high doses in test rats has caused adverse effects on fertility parameters. Effects seen in adult rats include decreased success in reproductive outcomes and testicular changes in the male rats. Younger animals may be more susceptible to BBP with adverse effects on the testes appearing at lower doses than for older animals. Recent studies in test animals suggest that BBP may have adverse effects on the unborn child when the mother is exposed during pregnancy. Effects have occurred in the male offspring with the target system being the genital system.

TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (Mixture of isomers) [TDI]:

Oral: LD50 (rat) = 4130 mg/kg

Dermal: LD50 (rabbit) > 16000 mg/kg

Inhalation: LC50 (4 hour, rat) = 101 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (vapour)

Genetic toxicology: the assessment of all available data indicates that toluene diisocyanate has no significant mutagenic potential.

Reproductive toxicology: there has been no observation of demonstration of adverse effects on reproduction due to toluene diisocyanate.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity:**

There is no information available for this product.

Information for Ingredient(s):

Toluene diisocyanate generally shows low toxicity to a wide range of water and soil based species: bacteria, algae, invertebrates, fish, earthworms, plants and birds.

Algae: EC50, 96 hour (*Chlorella vulgaris*, freshwater) = 4300 mg/L

Invertebrates: EC50, 48 hour (*Daphnia magna*, freshwater) = 12.5 mg/L

Fish: LC0, 96 hour (*Brachydanio rerio*, freshwater) >= 100 mg/L

Birds: LD50 (*Agelaius phoeniceus* & *Sturnus vulgaris*) >= 100 mg/kg

**Mobility:**



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The product is insoluble in water and does not disperse readily. It reacts with water forming polyurea, which is solid, insoluble and stable in the environment to both chemical and biological attack.

### **Persistence / Degradability:**

This substance is not persistent in the environment as it reacts with water or moisture in the air. The reaction product, an inert, insoluble polyurea, is not readily degradable.

### **Chemical Fate Information:**

There is limited ecological information available for this product, however, large quantities should not be discharged into drains, sewers or waterways.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not allow into any sewers, drains, on the ground or into any body of water. Any disposal must be in accordance with applicable State, Territory and/or Local government regulations.

**Product Waste:** The disposal of large quantities of product should normally be undertaken only by a specialist contractor. The product may be incinerated in a suitable facility, however consult with local authorities before doing so to ensure that all local regulations are observed.

In the case of only a small quantity of product waste, the following method may be applied, with caution, by a technically competent person: The waste product is reacted with an excess of Polyol to form a foam or solid polyurethane. The product of the reaction can then be incinerated or disposed of in landfill. This process should be carried out slowly in an open drum to avoid rapid heat generation and release of gases.

**Container Disposal:** Any disposal of contaminated packaging and washings must be in accordance with State, Territory and/or Local government regulations. When containers/drums have been drained to leave as little residue as possible, either seal the drum and send it to a drum-handling specialist, or decontaminate the drum using a slow reacting water-based neutraliser (see below). Add (several centimetres of) neutraliser to the drum, slowly shake and roll to allow contact. Leave open until all reaction is completed, then dispose of drum and washings in approved manner. If the container is to be reconditioned, the reconditioning company should be made aware of the nature of the original contents.

Neutraliser formulations:

- (a) surfactant 1-20% and water to make up to 100%;
- (b) liquid detergent 2%, PEG400 35% and water to make up to 100%.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **Road Transport**

**UN Number:** 3082

**Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains Butyl benzyl phthalate)

**Dangerous Goods Class:** 9

**Packing Group:** III

**Label:** Harmful (Xn), Irritant (Xi)

### **Air Transport**

**UN Number:** 3082

**Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains Butyl benzyl phthalate)

**Dangerous Goods Class:** 9

**Packing Group:** III

**Label:** Harmful (Xn), Irritant (Xi)

